Class 05

Repeated Decisions, Logical Operators &&, II, ! (and, or, not)

Repeated Decisions - Loops

```
if (true/false question) {
  statement(s); // executes only if question is true
If question is true, statement is executed and program moves to the next line after the if statement
while (true/false question) {
  statement(s); // executes repeatedly as long as question is true
If question is true, statement executes repeatedly until the question becomes false
```

Example Program – funClass.cpp

• Plan:

- Declare char variable ans and initialize to 'y'
- In a while loop, ask the user if they are having fun in class
- As long as the user enters "y" continue asking the question
- If the user does not enter "y" tell them "That's too bad."

Boolean Operators

Operator	Meaning	Example	Result
&&	Logical And	(5 < 2) && (5 > 3)	FALSE
11	Logical Or	(5 < 2) (5 > 3)	TRUE
!	Logical Not	! (5 < 2)	TRUE

Example – password.cpp

- Goal: Ask for a three-digit password
- If the password is illegal, keep asking again and again until it is legal

Examples of conditions (single and compound)

- Examples using count = 0, $\lim_{x \to 0} 10$, x = 12, y = 15
 - (x == 12)
 - !(count != limit)
 - (count < 10) && (x < y)
 - (limit < 20) | | ((limit / x) > 7)
 - (count == 0) && (x > y)
 - !(x == count)
 - !((limit != x) | | (count < limit))

Example Program – funClass2.cpp

• Plan:

- Declare char variables ans1 and ans2 and initialize each to 'y'
- In a while loop:
 - ask the user if they are having fun in class
 - ask the user if they are lying right now
- As long as the user enters "y" for both continue asking the question
- If the user is not having fun in class, print "That's too bad."
- If the user is lying right now, print "Truth hurts."